

NAME _____ DATE _____
INSTRUCTOR _____ PERIOD _____ PARTNER _____

Unit 6: Weather

LAB 6-4: DEWPOINT AND CLOUD FORMATION

INTRODUCTION: Cumulus clouds are our “puffy” fair weather clouds. They are often flat on the bottom and rounded on top. The distance from Earth’s surface to the bottom of these clouds is often the same for a large group of them. Clouds can only form if a specific temperature, called the **dewpoint**, is reached. Since the air temperature decreases with height above Earth’s surface, clouds may form if the air temperature is cold enough to be at the dewpoint at some altitude.

OBJECTIVE: In this lab you will study the relationship between the dewpoint temperature and the height above Earth’s surface at which clouds form.

VOCABULARY:

dewpoint temperature:

psychrometer:

wet-bulb depression:

cloud base:

PROCEDURE A:

Refer to the Dewpoint Temperature Chart in the Appendix to answer questions 1 through 3.

1. What is the wet-bulb depression if the dry-bulb temperature is 20°C and the wet-bulb is 17°C ? _____
2. What is the dewpoint temperature if the dry-bulb is 16°C and the wet-bulb depression is 5°C ? _____
3. What is the dewpoint temperature if the dry-bulb temperature is 24°C and the wet-bulb temperature is 20°C ? _____

